10/081,456

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         Jul 12 BEILSTEIN enhanced with new display and select options,
                 resulting in a closer connection to BABS
                 BEILSTEIN on STN workshop to be held August 24 in conjunction
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                 IFIPAT/IFIUDB/IFICDB reloaded with new search and display
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                 fields
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                 Patent Office Classifications
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                 (Version 7.01 for Windows) now available
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         AUG 04
                 Pricing for the Save Answers for SciFinder Wizard within
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                 STN Express with Discover! will change September 1, 2004
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                 BIOTECHABS/BIOTECHDS: Two new display fields added for legal
                 status data from INPADOC
NEWS 11
         SEP 01
                 INPADOC: New family current-awareness alert (SDI) available
NEWS 12
         SEP 01
                 New pricing for the Save Answers for SciFinder Wizard within
                 STN Express with Discover!
NEWS 13
         SEP 01
                 New display format, HITSTR, available in WPIDS/WPINDEX/WPIX
NEWS 14
         SEP 14
                 STN Patent Forum to be held October 13, 2004, in Iselin, NJ
NEWS EXPRESS JULY 30 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V7.01, CURRENT
              MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP),
              AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 11 AUGUST 2004
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              CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)
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=> index bioscience
FILE 'DRUGMONOG' ACCESS NOT AUTHORIZED
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

INDEX 'ADISCTI, ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, AQUALINE, ANABSTR, ANTE, AQUASCI, BIOBUSINESS, BIOCOMMERCE, BIOENG, BIOSIS, BIOTECHABS, BIOTECHDS, BIOTECHNO, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CEABA-VTB, CEN, CIN, CONFSCI, CROPB, CROPU, DISSABS, DDFB, DDFU, DGENE, ...' ENTERED AT 11:05:42 ON 25 SEP 2004

#### 74 FILES IN THE FILE LIST IN STNINDEX

Enter SET DETAIL ON to see search term postings or to view search error messages that display as 0\* with SET DETAIL OFF.

## => s sialyltransferase

- 9 FILE ADISCTI
- 1 FILE ADISINSIGHT
- 37 FILE AGRICOLA
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- 8 FILE AQUASCI
- 11 FILE BIOBUSINESS
- 13 FILE BIOCOMMERCE
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- 192 FILE BIOTECHABS
- 192 FILE BIOTECHDS
- 855 FILE BIOTECHNO
- 101 FILE CABA
- 693 FILE CANCERLIT
- 2212 FILE CAPLUS
  - 40 FILE CEABA-VTB
  - 2 FILE CEN
  - 4 FILE CIN
  - 58 FILE CONFSCI
  - 95 FILE DISSABS
  - 24 FILE DDFB
  - 46. FILE DDFU
- 793 FILE DGENE
- 24 FILE DRUGB
- 52 FILE DRUGU
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- 1586 FILE EMBASE
- 635 FILE ESBIOBASE
- 30 FILE FEDRIP
  - 5 FILE FROSTI
  - FILE FSTA
- 1321 FILE GENBANK

#### 43 FILES SEARCHED...

- 136 FILE IFIPAT
- 264 FILE JICST-EPLUS
- 417 FILE LIFESCI
- 1909 FILE MEDLINE
  - 2 FILE NIOSHTIC
  - 5 FILE NTIS
  - 1 FILE OCEAN
- 635 FILE PASCAL
  - 1 FILE PHIN
- 10 FILE PROMT
- 2 FILE PROUSDDR
- 1679 FILE SCISEARCH
- 551 FILE TOXCENTER
- 671 FILE USPATFULL
- 18 FILE USPAT2
- 107 FILE WPIDS
  - 2 FILE WPIFV
- 107 FILE WPINDEX

# L1 QUE SIALYLTRANSFERASE

=> d rank Fl	2212	CAPLUS
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		BIOSIS
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F13	551	TOXCENTER
F14	417	LIFESCI
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F16	192	BIOTECHABS
F17	192	BIOTECHDS
F18	136	IFIPAT
F19	107	WPIDS
F20	107	WPINDEX
F21	101	CABA
F22	95	DISSABS
F23	58	CONFSCI
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F25	48	BIOENG
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F27	40	CEABA-VTB
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F35	11	BIOBUSINESS
F36	10	PROMT
F37	9	ADISCTI
F38	8	AQUASCI
F39	5	FROSTI
F40	5	FSTA
F41	5	NTIS
F42	4	CIN
F43	4	EMBAL
F44	2	CEN
F44 F45	2	NIOSHTIC
	2	
F46	2	PROUSDDR
F47		WPIFV
F48	1	ADISINSIGHT
F49	~ <b>1</b>	OCEAN
F50	1	PHIN

=> file f1-f5, f7, f9-f13

FULL ESTIMATED COST

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 1.14 2.40

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:07:06 ON 25 SEP 2004
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=> s 11 and (ST3Gal I)
          337 L1 AND (ST3GAL I)
L2
=> s 12 and sialyl?
           337 L2 AND SIALYL?
L3
=> s 13 and sialylat?
           175 L3 AND SIALYLAT?
L4
=> s 14 and (large-scale or commercial scale)
   1 FILES SEARCHED...
            23 L4 AND (LARGE-SCALE OR COMMERCIAL SCALE)
1.5
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=> dup rem 15
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L5
             23 DUP REM L5 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
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=> d 16 ibib ab 1-23

ANSWER 1 OF 23 USPATFULL on STN L6

2004:184970 USPATFULL ACCESSION NUMBER:

Glycoconjugation methods and proteins/peptides produced TITLE:

by the methods

DeFrees, Shawn, North Wales, PA, UNITED STATES INVENTOR(S):

Zopf, David, Wayne, PA, UNITED STATES

Bayer, Robert, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Bowe, Caryn, Doylestown, PA, UNITED STATES Hakes, David, Willow Grove, PA, UNITED STATES

Chen, Xi, Lansdale, PA, UNITED STATES

Neose Technologies, Inc. (U.S. corporation) PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER KIND DATE \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_

US 2004142856 A1 20040722 US 2003-410913 A1 20030409 (10) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO .:

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2003-360779, filed RELATED APPLN. INFO.: on 19 Feb 2003, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser.

No. US 2003-360770, filed on 6 Jan 2003, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2002-287994, filed on 5 Nov 2002, PENDING Continuation of Ser. No. WO

2002-US32263, filed on 9 Oct 2002, PENDING

NUMBER DATE \_\_\_\_\_

US 2002-407527P 20020828 (60) PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 2002-407527P 20020828 (60) US 2002-404249P 20020816 (60) US 2002-396594P 20020717 (60)

US 2002-391777P 20020625 (60) US 2002-387292P 20020607 (60) US 2001-334301P 20011128 (60) US 2001-334233P 20011128 (60)

US 2001-334692P 20011121 (60)

US 2001-328523P 20011010 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP, 1701 MARKET STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103-2921

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 88 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 497 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 16544

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention includes methods and compositions for remodeling a peptide

molecule, including the addition or deletion of one or more glycosyl groups to a peptide, and/or the addition of a modifying group to a

peptide.

ANSWER 2 OF 23 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:178391 USPATFULL

Remodeling and glycoconjugation of peptides TITLE:

DeFrees, Shawn, North Wales, PA, UNITED STATES INVENTOR (S):

Zopf, David, Wayne, PA, UNITED STATES Bayer, Robert, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Bowe, Caryn, Doylestown, PA, UNITED STATES Hakes, David, Willow Grove, PA, UNITED STATES

Chen, Xi, Lansdale, PA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Neose Technologies, Inc. (U.S. corporation)

KIND DATE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_\_ US 2004137557 A1 20040715 US 2002-287994 A1 20021105 PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.: 20021105 (10)

Continuation of Ser. No. WO 2002-US32263, filed on 9 RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Oct 2002, PENDING

		NUMBER DATE	
PRIORITY	INFORMATION:	US 2002-407527P 2002082	28 (60)
		US 2002-404249P 2002083	L6 (60)
		US 2002-396594P 2002073	L7 (60)
		US 2002-391777P 2002062	25 (60)
		US 2002-387292P 2002060	7 (60)
		US 2001-334301P 2001112	28 (60)
		US 2001-334233P 2001112	28 (60)
DOCUMENT	TYPE:	Utility	

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP, 1701 MARKET STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103-2921

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

447 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

345 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

16205

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention includes methods and compositions for remodeling a peptide molecule, including the addition or deletion of one or more glycosyl

groups to a peptide, and/or the addition of a modifying group a peptide.

ANSWER 3 OF 23 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:172476 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Glycopegylation methods and proteins/peptides produced

by the methods

INVENTOR(S):

DeFrees, Shawn, North Wales, PA, UNITED STATES

Zopf, David, Wayne, PA, UNITED STATES

Bayer, Robert, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Bowe, Caryn, Doylestown, PA, UNITED STATES Hakes, David, Willow Grove, PA, UNITED STATES

Chen, Xi, Lansdale, PA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Neose Technologies, Inc. (U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2004132640	A1	20040708

APPLICATION INFO.:

US 2003-411012 A1 20030409 (10)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 2002-US32263, filed

on 9 Oct 2002, PENDING

		NUMBER DATE	
			· <del>-</del>
PRIORITY	INFORMATION:	US 2002-407527P 2002082	8 (60)
		US 2002-404249P 2002081	.6 (60)
		US 2002-396594P 2002071	.7 (60)
		US 2002-391777P 2002062	5 (60)
		US 2002-387292P 2002060	7 (60)
DOCUMENT	TYPE:	Utility	

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP, 1701 MARKET STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103-2921

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

77

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

497 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

19255

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention includes methods and compositions for remodeling a peptide molecule, including the addition or deletion of one or more glycosyl groups to a peptide, and/or the addition of a modifying group to a peptide.

ANSWER 4 OF 23 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:165351 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Follicle stimulating hormone: remodeling and

glycoconjugation of FSH

INVENTOR(S):

DeFrees, Shawn, North Wales, PA, UNITED STATES

Zopf, David, Wayne, PA, UNITED STATES

Bayer, Robert, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Bowe, Caryn, Doylestown, PA, UNITED STATES Hakes, David, Willow Grove, PA, UNITED STATES

Chen, Xi, Lansdale, PA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Neose Technologies, Inc. (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
US 2004126838	A1	20040701

PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.: RELATED APPLN. INFO.: US 2003-410997 20030409 (10) **A1** 

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2003-360779, filed on 19 Feb 2003, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser.

No. US 2003-360770, filed on 6 Jan 2003, PENDING

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2002-287994, filed on 5 Nov 2002, PENDING Continuation of Ser. No. WO

2002-US32263, filed on 9 Oct 2002, PENDING

NUMBER	DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2002-407527P 20020828 (60) US 2002-404249P 20020816 (60)

US 2002-396594P 20020717 (60)

US 2002-391777P 20020625 (60) US 2002-387292P 20020607 (60) US 2001-334301P 20011128 (60)

US 2001-334233P 20011128 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

Utility

115

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP, 1701 MARKET STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103-2921

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

497 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 19355

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

ΆB

The invention includes methods and compositions for remodeling a peptide molecule, including the addition or deletion of one or more glycosyl

groups to a peptide, and/or the addition of a modifying group to a

peptide.

ANSWER 5 OF 23 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:150947 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Interferon beta: remodeling and glycoconjugation of

interferon beta

INVENTOR (S):

DeFrees, Shawn, North Wales, PA, UNITED STATES

Zopf, David, Wayne, PA, UNITED STATES

Bayer, Robert, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Bowe, Caryn, Doylestown, PA, UNITED STATES Hakes, David, Willow Grove, PA, UNITED STATES

Chen, Xi, Lansdale, PA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Neose Technologies, Inc. (U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2004115168	A1	20040617
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2003-410930	<b>A1</b>	20030409

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

20030409 (10) Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2003-360779, filed on 19 Feb 2003, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2003-360770, filed on 6 Jan 2003, PENDING

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2002-287994, filed on 5 Nov 2002, PENDING Continuation of Ser. No. WO 2002-US32263, filed on 9 Oct 2002, PENDING

	2002-US32263, filed on 9 Oct 2002, PENDING
	NUMBER DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2002-407527P 20020828 (60)
	US 2002-404249P 20020816 (60)
	US 2002-396594P 20020717 (60)
	US 2002-391777P 20020625 (60)
	US 2002-387292P 20020607 (60)
	US 2001-334301P 20011128 (60)
	US 2001-334233P 20011128 (60)
	US 2001-344692P 20011019 (60)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	US 2001-328523P 20011010 (60) Utility
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP, 1701 MARKET STREET,
EDOME REPRESENTATIVE.	PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103-2921
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	119
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	497 Drawing Page(s)
LINE COUNT:	19412
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILAE	
	cludes methods and compositions for remodeling a peptide
molecule, includ	ing the addition or deletion of one or more glycosyl
	ide, and/or the addition of a modifying group to a
peptide.	
L6 ANSWER 6 OF 23 US	PATFULL on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:	2004:107626 USPATFULL
TITLE:	Interferon alpha: remodeling and glycoconjugation of
	interferon alpha
INVENTOR (S):	DeFrees, Shawn, North Wales, PA, UNITED STATES
	Zopf, David, Wayne, PA, UNITED STATES
•	Bayer, Robert, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES
,	Bowe, Caryn, Doylestown, PA, UNITED STATES
	Hakes, David, Willow Grove, PA, UNITED STATES
	Chen, Xi, Lansdale, PA, UNITED STATES
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):	Neose Technologies, Inc. (U.S. corporation)
	NUMBER KIND DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2004082026 A1 20040429
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2003-411049 A1 20030409 (10)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2003-360779, filed
	on 19 Feb 2003, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser.
	No. US 2003-360770, filed on 6 Jan 2003, PENDING
	Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2002-287994, filed
	on 5 Nov 2002, PENDING Continuation of Ser. No. WO
	2002-US32263, filed on 9 Oct 2002, PENDING
	NUMBER DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2002-407527P 20020828 (60)
	US 2002-404249P 20020816 (60)
	US 2002-396594P 20020717 (60)
•	US 2002-391777P 20020625 (60)
	US 2002~387292P 20020607 (60)
	US 2001-334301P 20011128 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

Utility
APPLICATION

US 2001-334233P

US 2001-344692P US 2001-328523P

20011128 (60) 20011019 (60)

20011010 (60)

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP, 1701 MARKET STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103-2921

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

126

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

497 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

19445

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention includes a multitude of methods and compositions for

remodeling a peptide molecule, including the addition or deletion of one or more glycosyl groups to a peptide, and/or the addition of a modifying

group to a peptide.

ANSWER 7 OF 23 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:101966 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Granulocyte colony stimulating factor: remodeling and

glycoconjugation of G-CSF

INVENTOR(S):

DeFrees, Shawn, North Wales, PA, UNITED STATES

Zopf, David, Wayne, PA, UNITED STATES

Bayer, Robert, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Bowe, Caryn, Doylestown, PA, UNITED STATES Hakes, David, Willow Grove, PA, UNITED STATES

Chen, Xi, Lansdale, PA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Neose Technologies, Inc. (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION:

US 2004077836

A1 20040422

APPLICATION INFO.: RELATED APPLN. INFO.: US 2003-410962 A1 20030409 (10)

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2003-360779, filed on 19 Feb 2003, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2003-360770, filed on 6 Jan 2003, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2002-287994, filed on 5 Nov 2002, PENDING Continuation of Ser. No. WO

2002-US32263, filed on 9 Oct 2002, PENDING

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 2002-407527P 20020828 (60) US 2002-404249P 20020816 (60) US 2002-396594P 20020717 (60) US 2002-391777P 20020625 (60) US 2002-387292P 20020607 (60) US 2001-334301P 20011128 (60) US 2001-334233P 20011128 (60) US 2001-344692P 20011019 (60) US 2001-328523P 20011010 (60) Utility

DOCUMENT TYPE:

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP, 1701 MARKET STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103-2921

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

111

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

497 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

19316

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention includes methods and compositions for remodeling a peptide molecule, including the addition or deletion of one or more glycosyl groups to a peptide, and/or the addition of a modifying group to a peptide.

ANSWER 8 OF 23 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:83455 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Protein remodeling methods and proteins/peptides

produced by the methods

INVENTOR(S):

DeFrees, Shawn, North Wales, PA, UNITED STATES

Zopf, David, Wayne, PA, UNITED STATES

Bayer, Robert, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Hakes, David, Willow Grove, PA, UNITED STATES

Chen, Xi, Lansdale, PA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Neose Technologies, Inc. (U.S. corporation)

		NUMBER	KIND	DATE	
TENT	INFORMATION:	US 2004063911	A1	20040401	

PAT

APPLICATION INFO.: US 2003-411026

**A1** 20030409 (10)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2003-360779, filed on 19 Feb 2003, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2003-360770, filed on 6 Jan 2003, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2002-287994, filed

on 5 Nov 2002, PENDING Continuation of Ser. No. WO

2002-US32263, filed on 9 Oct 2002, PENDING

NUMBER DATE

US 2002-407527P 20020828 (60) PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 2002-404249P 20020816 (60) US 2002-396594P 20020717 (60)

US 2002-391777P 20020625 (60) US 2002-387292P 20020607 (60) US 2001-334301P 20011128 (60) US 2001-334233P 20011128 (60)

US 2001-344692P 20011019 (60) 20011010 (60)

US 2001-328523P Utility

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP, 1701 MARKET STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103-2921

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

39 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

497 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

18872

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention includes methods and compositions for remodeling a peptide molecule, including the addition or deletion of one or more glycosyl

groups to a peptide, and/or the addition of a modifying group to a

peptide.

ANSWER 9 OF 23 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:57444 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Alpha galalctosidase a: remodeling and glycoconjugation

of alpha galactosidase A

INVENTOR(S):

DeFrees, Shawn, North Wales, PA, UNITED STATES

Zopf, David, Wayne, PA, UNITED STATES

Bayer, Robert, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Bowe, Caryn, Doylestown, PA, UNITED STATES Hakes, David, Willow Grove, PA, UNITED STATES

Chen, Xi, Lansdale, PA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Neose Technologies, Inc. (U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE	
			<b>-</b>	
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2004043446	A1	20040304	
ADDITONTON THEO.	TTC 2002 411027	7.1	20020400	

APPLICATION INFO.:

20030409 (10) US 2003-411037 A1

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 2002-US32263, filed

on 9 Oct 2002, PENDING

NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_\_

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 2002-407527P 20020828 (60) US 2002-404249P 20020816 (60) US 2002-396594P 20020717 (60) US 2002-391777P 20020625 (60) US 2002-387292P 20020607 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP, 1701 MARKET STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103-2921

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

122 1

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

497 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

19395

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention includes methods and compositions for remodeling a peptide molecule, including the addition or deletion of one or more glycosyl groups to a peptide, and/or the addition of a modifying group to a

peptide.

ANSWER 10 OF 23 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:265833 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Methods of modulating functions of polypeptide

GalNAc-transferases and of screening test substances to

find agents herefor, pharmaceutical compositions

comprising such agents and the use of such agents for

preparing medicaments

INVENTOR(S):

Clausen, Henrik, Holte, DENMARK Bennett, Eric Paul, Lyngby, DENMARK Hassan, Helle, Frederiksberg, DENMARK

Reis, Celso Albuquerque, Vila Nova de Gaia, PORTUGAL

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Glycozym ApS, Horsholm, DENMARK (non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.: US 2003186850 A1 20031002 US 2002-292896 A1 20021112 (10)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 2001-DK328, filed

on 10 May 2001, UNKNOWN

NUMBER

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 2002-425204P 20021108 (60)

US 2000-203331P 20000511 (60) DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: DARBY & DARBY P.C., P. O. BOX 5257, NEW YORK, NY,

10150-5257

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

68

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 18 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

4417

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AΒ Attachment of O-glycans to proteins is controlled by a large family of homologous polypeptide GalNAc-transferases. Polypeptide GalNAc-transferases contain a C-terminal sequence with similarity to lectins. This invention discloses that the putative lectin domains of GalNAc-transferase isoforms, GalNAc-T4, -T7, -T2, and -T3, are functional and recognize carbohydrates, glycopeptides, and peptides and discloses the lectin domains of GalNAc-T1-T16. These lectin domains have different binding specificities and modulate the functions of GalNAc-transferase isoforms differently. Novel methods for identification of inhibitors or modulators of binding activities mediated by lectin domains of polypeptide GalNAc-transferases are disclosed. Direct binding activity of GalNAc-transferase lectins has been demonstrated for the first time and methods to measure lectin

disclosed. The present invention specifically discloses a novel

mediated binding of isolated lectins or enzymes with lectin domains are

selective inhibitor of polypeptide GalNAc-transferase lectin domains, which provides a major advancement in that this inhibitor and related inhibitors sharing common characteristics of activity bind lectin domains without serving as acceptor substrate for glycosyltransferases involved in synthesis of O-glycans. This inhibitor is represented by the  $\beta$ -anomeric configuration of GalNAc-benzyl, GalNAc $\beta$ -benzyl. Methods for inhibiting intracellular transport, cell surface expression, and secretion of mucins and O-glycosylated glycoproteins without affecting O-glycosylation processing are disclosed using the novel selective inhibitor identified.

ANSWER 11 OF 23 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:265399 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Nucleic acid that encodes a fusion protein

INVENTOR(S):

Gilbert, Michel, Hull, CANADA

Young, N. Martin, Gloucester, CANADA

Wakarchuk, Warren W., Gloucester, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

National Research Council of Canada, Ottawa, CANADA,

K1A0R6 (non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: US 2003186414 A1 20031002
APPLICATION INFO.: US 2002-317428 A1 20021211 (10)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Division of Ser. No. US 1998-211691, filed on 14 Dec

1998, PENDING

NUMBER DATE 

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 1997-69443P 19971215 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP, TWO EMBARCADERO

CENTER, EIGHTH FLOOR, SAN FRANCISCO, CA, 94111-3834

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

4 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

2369

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention provides fusion polypeptides that include a glycosyltransferase catalytic domain and a catalytic domain from an accessory enzyme that is involved in making a substrate for a glycosyltransferase reaction. Nucleic acids that encode the fusion polypeptides are also provided, as are host cells for expressing the fusion polypeptides of the invention.

ANSWER 12 OF 23 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:257877 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Fusion protein comprising a UDP-Galnac 4' epimerase and

a galnac transferase

INVENTOR(S):

Gilbert, Michel, Hull, CANADA

Young, N. Martin, Gloucester, CANADA Wakarchuk, Warren W., Gloucester, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

National Research Council of Canada, Ottawa, CANADA,

K1A0R6 (non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE US 2003180928 A1 20030925 US 2002-317773 A1 20021211 (10) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Division of Ser. No. US 1998-211691, filed on 14 Dec

1998, PENDING

NUMBER

L16 ANSWER 30 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:142130 USPATFULL TITLE: Sialyltransferases

INVENTOR(S):

Kapitonov, Dmitri, 1327 Spruce St., Apt. 5E,

Philadelphia, PA, United States 19107

Yu, Robert K., 306 Cheswick, Richmond, VA, United

States 23229

KIND NUMBER DATE

PATENT INFORMATION:

US 6280989 B1 20010828

APPLICATION INFO.:

US 1999-334601

19990617 (9)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

GRANTED

PRIMARY EXAMINER: LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Patterson, Jr., Charles L. Millen White Zelano & Branigan

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

13

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

26 Drawing Figure(s); 24 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

2057

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to isolated

> sialyltransferases, such as human or mouse GM3 synthase, human or mouse 4ST3GalVI, or human 7STGalNAcV sialyltransferase polypeptide, biologically-active polypeptide fragments thereof, and nucleic acids which code for it. This polypeptide has various activities including sialyltransferase activity. The invention relates to all aspects of sialyltransferase, or homologs thereof, including assays for modulators, activators, ligands, etc. The invention also relates to sialyltransferases expressed in cells and methods of using such cells to engineer specific sugar chains.

L16 ANSWER 31 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:193716 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

133:102935

TITLE:

Altered mRNA expression of glycosyltransferases in human colorectal carcinomas and liver metastases Petretti, T.; Kemmner, W.; Schulze, B.; Schlag, P. M.

AUTHOR (S): CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Surgery and Surgical Oncology,

Robert-Rossle-Klinik at the Max Delbruck Centre for

Molecular Medicine, Berlin, 13125, Germany

Gut (2000), 46(3), 359-366

CODEN: GUTTAK; ISSN: 0017-5749

PUBLISHER:

SOURCE:

BMJ Publishing Group

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Journal English

Biosynthesis of carbohydrate structures is tissue specific and developmentally regulated by glycosyl-transferases such as fucosyltransferases, sialyltransferases, and N-acetylglucosaminyltransferases. During carcinogenesis, aberrant

glycosylation leads to the development of tumor subpopulations with different adhesion properties. Therefore alterations in glycosyltransferase mRNA expression in colorectal carcinomas were examined by semiquant. reverse transcription-polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR). Colorectal carcinoma specimens were classified and characterized according to the WHO/UICC system. Expression of fucosyltransferases FT-I, FT-III, FT-IV, FT-V, FT-VI, and FT-VII, sialyltransferases

ST3Gal-I, ST3Gal-III, ST3Gal-IV, and ST6Gal-I,

 $\beta$ 1,4-galactosyltransferase, and  $\beta$ 1,6-

Acetylglucosaminyltransferase V (GNT-V) was screened simultaneously in exts. of 22 homogenized tumor specimens by RT-PCR and compared with corresponding mucosa from each patient. Also 12 adenomas and 17 liver metastases of colorectal carcinomas were examined GNT-V expression was enhanced in colorectal adenomas (p = 0.039), carcinomas (p<0.001), and liver metastases of colorectal carcinomas (p<0.001). Also, expression of fucosyltransferase FT-IV was increased in colorectal adenomas (p = 0.039) and carcinomas (p<0.001). In addition, fucosyltransferase FT-I (p<0.001) and sialyltransferases ST6Gal-I (p = 0.004) and ST3Gal-III (p = 0.001) showed increased expression in carcinoma specimens. On the other hand, fucosyltransferase FT-III was less abundantly expressed in carcinomas exhibiting distant metastases (p = 0.046) and in highly invasive tumors (p = 0.041). Glycosyltransferase mRNA expression is significantly altered in colorectal adenomas and carcinomas isolated from surgical

specimens. RT-PCR determination of specific glycosyltransferases may be

helpful

for earlier detection of carcinomas and for tumor prognosis.

REFERENCE COUNT: 55 THERE ARE 55 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 32 OF 37 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 3

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000386324 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 10894948

TITLE: Comparison of genomic structures of four members of

beta-galactoside alpha2,3-sialyltransferase genes

in the mouse.

AUTHOR: Takashima S; Tsuji S

CORPORATE SOURCE: Molecular Glycobiology, Frontier Research Program, The

Institute of Physical and Chemical Research (RIKEN), Wako,

Saitama, Japan.

SOURCE: Cytogenetics and cell genetics, (2000) 89 (1-2) 101-6.

Journal code: 0367735. ISSN: 0301-0171.

PUB. COUNTRY: Switzerland

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200008

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20000818

Last Updated on STN: 20000818 Entered Medline: 20000809

AB The mouse genes encoding beta-galactoside alpha2, 3-

sialyltransferases-Siat4 (ST3Gal I), Siat5

(ST3Gal II), Siat3 (ST3Gal III), and Siat4c (ST3Gal IV)-were isolated and characterized. Siat4 and Siat5 comprise 8.4 and 14 kb, respectively, and are composed of six exons each. The genomic structures of the two genes were similar. Siat3 and Siat4c comprise over 100 and 9.7 kb, respectively, and are composed of 12 and 10 exons, respectively. Although the genomic sizes of these genes differ, some of their exon structures are significantly similar. These results suggest that the gene pair Siat4 and Siat5 arose from a common ancestral gene, as did the two genes Siat3 and Siat4c. Copyright 2000 S. Karger AG, Basel.

L16 ANSWER 33 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:386065 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:118870

TITLE: Mouse  $\beta$ -galactoside  $\alpha 2, 3$ -

sialyltransferases: comparison of in vitro

substrate specificities and tissue specific expression Kono, Mari; Ohyama, Yuji; Lee, Young-Choon; Hamamoto,

Toshiro; Kojima, Naoya; Tsuji, Shuichi

CORPORATE SOURCE: Molecular Glycobiology, Frontier Research Program, The

Institute of Physical and Chemical Research (RIKEN),

Wako, Saitama, 351-01, Japan

SOURCE: Glycobiology (1997), 7(4), 469-479

CODEN: GLYCE3; ISSN: 0959-6658

PUBLISHER: Oxford University Press

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

AUTHOR (S):

LANGUAGE: English

Four types of  $\beta$ -galactoside  $\alpha 2, 3$ - sialyltransferase ( ST3Gal I-IV) have been cloned from several animals, but some contradictory observations regarding their substrate specificities and expression have been reported. Therefore, it is necessary to concurrently analyze the substrate specificities of the four enzymes, of which the source should be one animal. Accordingly, the acceptor substrate specificities and gene expression of mST3Gal I-IV were analyzed. Since the authors had already cloned ST3Gal I and II, as previously reported (Lee, Y.-C. et al., Eur. J. Biochem., 216, 377-385 (1993); J. Biol. Chemical, 269, 10028-10033 (1994)), the cDNAs of ST3Gal III and IV were cloned from mouse cDNA libraries. Each of the four enzymes was expressed in COS-7 cells as a recombinant enzyme fused with protein A, and applied on an IgG-Sepharose gel to eliminate endogenous sialyltransferase activity. ST3Gal I and II showed the highest activity toward Galß1,3GalNAc (type III), very low activity toward Galβ1,3-GlcNAc (type I), but none toward Galβ1,4GlcNAc (type II). ST3Gal III and IV exhibited high activity toward the type III one. On the other hand, asialo-GM1 (Gq4Cer) was as good a substrate for ST3Gal I and II as the type III disaccharide, though ST3Gal III and IV hardly utilized glycolipids as substrates, as indicated by in vitro expts. Northern blot anal. revealed that enzymes of the ST3Gal-family are expressed mainly in a tissue-specific manner. The ST3Gal I gene was strongly expressed in spleen and salivary gland, and weakly in brain, liver, heart, kidney, and thymus. The ST3Gal II gene was strongly expressed in brain, and weakly in colon, thymus, salivary gland, and testis, and developmentally expressed in liver, heart, kidney, and spleen. The ST3Gal III and IV genes were expressed in a wide variety of tissues. These differences in tissue specific expression suggest the expression of each ST3Gal influences the distribution of sialyl-glycoconjugates in vivo. THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 34 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 34 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 4

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1996:706050 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

126:1949

TITLE:

An efficient expression vector for extracellular

secretion in mammalian cells

AUTHOR (S):

Lee, Young-Choon; Kim, Cheorl-Ho; Tsuji, Shuichi

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Division Molecular Glycobiology, Korea Reseach

Institute Bioscience Biotechnology, Taejon, 305-600,

S. Korea

SOURCE:

PUBLISHER:

Molecules and Cells (1996), 6(5), 552-556

CODEN: MOCEEK; ISSN: 1016-8478

Korean Society of Molecular Biology

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal LANGUAGE: English

An expression-secretion vector for mammalian cells, pcDSA, which expresses AB a cloned gene under the control of the  $SR\alpha$  promoter (SV40 promoter/enhancer and HTLV-1 LTR) has been newly constructed. This vector contains fragments encoding the 5' untranslated leader sequence from AMV RNA4, the signal peptide of mouse IgM and IgG-binding domain of protein A in front of cloning sites. Joining in-frame a cDNA fragment with cloning sites just downstream of the COOH terminus of the IgG-binding domain of protein A enables the cDNA product to be secreted as a protein fused with that domain. This allows an easy isolation of its secreted product by affinity chromatog. on IgG-Sepharose. When the genes encoding the catalytic domains of mammalian sialyltransferase ( ST3Gal I) were cloned into the vector plasmid and then transfected into COS-7 cells, active ST3Gal I was efficiently secreted into the culture medium. It was rapidly purified almost to homogeneity by one-step IgG-Sepharose affinity chromatog.

L16 ANSWER 35 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 5

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1995:642411 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

123:333367

TITLE:

Molecular cloning and expression of chick

Gal $\beta$ 1,3GalNAc  $\alpha$ 2,3sialyltransferase

AUTHOR (S):

Kurosawa, Nobuyuki; Hamamoto, Toshiro; Inoue, Mio;

Tsuji, Shuichi

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Mol. Glycobiol., Inst. Physical Chem. Res., Saitama,

351-01, Japan

SOURCE:

Biochimica et Biophysica Acta (1995), 1244(1), 216-22

CODEN: BBACAQ; ISSN: 0006-3002

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: Elsevier Journal English

LANGUAGE:

A cDNA clone encoding chick Gal  $\beta$  1,3GalNAc  $\alpha$ 2,3-

sialyltransferase (ST3Gal I) was

isolated from a chick embryo brain cDNA library. The cDNA sequence included an open reading frame coding for 342 amino acids, and the deduced amino acid sequence showed 64% identity with that of the mouse enzyme. Northern blot anal. of chick embryos revealed that the STS3Gal I gene was expressed in early embryonic stages. The identity of the enzyme was confirmed by construction of a recombinant sialyltransferase in which the N-terminal part including the cytoplasmic tail and signal anchor domain was replaced with an Ig signal peptide sequence. This enzyme expressed in COS-7 cells exhibited transferase activity similar to that of mouse ST3Gal I.

L16 ANSWER 36 OF 37 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.

on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

95:385245 SCISEARCH

THE GENUINE ARTICLE: RA633

TITLE:

MOLECULAR-CLONING AND EXPRESSION OF CHICK

GAL-BETA-1,3GALNAC ALPHA-2,3-SIALYLTRANSFERASE

AUTHOR: CORPORATE SOURCE: KUROSAWA N; HAMAMOTO T; INOUE M; TSUJI S (Reprint)

INST PHYS & CHEM RES, FRONTIER RES PROGRAM, WAKO, SAITAMA

35101, JAPAN (Reprint); INST PHYS & CHEM RES, FRONTIER RES

PROGRAM, WAKO, SAITAMA 35101, JAPAN

COUNTRY OF AUTHOR:

SOURCE:

BIOCHIMICA ET BIOPHYSICA ACTA-GENERAL SUBJECTS, (11 MAY

1995) Vol. 1244, No. 1, pp. 216-222.

ISSN: 0304-4165.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Article; Journal

FILE SEGMENT: LANGUAGE:

LIFE ENGLISH

REFERENCE COUNT:

JAPAN

\*ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS\*

AB A cDNA clone encoding chick Gal beta 1,3GalNAc alpha 2,3-

sialyltransferase (ST3Gal I) was

isolated from a chick embryo brain cDNA library. The cDNA sequence included an open reading frame coding for 342 amino acids, and the deduced amino acid sequence showed 64% identity with that of the mouse enzyme. Northern blot analysis of chick embryos revealed that the ST3Gal I gene was expressed in early embryonic stages. The identity of the enzyme was confirmed by construction of a recombinant sialyltransferase in which the N-terminal part including the cytoplasmic tail and signal anchor domain was replaced with an immunoglobulin signal peptide sequence. This enzyme expressed in COS-7 cells exhibited transferase activity similar to that of mouse ST3Gal I.

L16 ANSWER 37 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 1995:552389 CAPLUS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

123:48837

TITLE:

 $\beta$ -Galactoside  $\alpha$ 2,3-

sialyltransferases: Characterization of the

cloned two types of  $Gal\beta1, 3GalNAc$   $\alpha2, 3$ -

sialyltransferase Lee, Young-Choon

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Frontier Research Program, RIKEN, Japan

SOURCE:

RIKEN Review (1995), 8, 17-18

DOCUMENT TYPE:

CODEN: RIREE6; ISSN: 0919-3405

AUTHOR(S):

Journal English

LANGUAGE:

CDNAs encoding four kinds of  $\beta$ -galactoside  $\alpha$ 2,3-

sialyltransferases have so far been isolated from various species or tissues. They have a putative domain structure consisting of four regions, like that in other glycosyltransferases, and exhibit tissue-specific expression. These enzymes expressed in mammalian cell lines exhibited strict acceptor substrate specificities. Recently,

we have cloned two kinds of cDNA encoding mouse brain Galβ1,3GalNAc  $\alpha 2$ , 3- sialyltransferases (ST3Gal I and

II) showing a clear difference in acceptor substrate preference.

L16 ANSWER 34 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 4

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:706050 CAPLUS

1990.700050 CIM

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

126:1949

TITLE:

An efficient expression vector for extracellular

secretion in mammalian cells

AUTHOR(S):

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Lee, Young-Choon; Kim, Cheorl-Ho; Tsuji, Shuichi Division Molecular Glycobiology, Korea Reseach

Institute Bioscience Biotechnology, Taejon, 305-600,

S. Korea

SOURCE:

Molecules and Cells (1996), 6(5), 552-556

CODEN: MOCEEK; ISSN: 1016-8478

Korean Society of Molecular Biology

DOCUMENT TYPE:

PUBLISHER:

Journal English

LANGUAGE: An expression-secretion vector for mammalian cells, pcDSA, which expresses a cloned gene under the control of the  $SR\alpha$  promoter (SV40 promoter/enhancer and HTLV-1 LTR) has been newly constructed. This vector contains fragments encoding the 5' untranslated leader sequence from AMV RNA4, the signal peptide of mouse IgM and IgG-binding domain of protein A in front of cloning sites. Joining in-frame a cDNA fragment with cloning sites just downstream of the COOH terminus of the IgG-binding domain of protein A enables the cDNA product to be secreted as a protein fused with that domain. This allows an easy isolation of its secreted product by affinity chromatog. on IgG-Sepharose. When the genes encoding the catalytic domains of mammalian sialyltransferase ( ST3Gal I) were cloned into the vector plasmid and then transfected into COS-7 cells, active ST3Gal I was efficiently secreted into the culture medium. It was rapidly purified almost to homogeneity by one-step IgG-Sepharose affinity chromatog.